

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY ACT

Act No. 15620, Apr. 17, 2018

Article 46-3 (Special Committee on Personnel Hearing)

(1) The National Assembly shall have a Special Committee on Personnel Hearing to examine the following approval bills for appointment or bills for election, etc. introduced by the Speaker in consultation with the National Assembly members representing each negotiating party: Provided, That where the President elect requests a personnel hearing on the candidates for the Prime Minister under Article 5 (2) of the Presidential Transition Act, the Speaker shall have a Special Committee on Personnel Hearing to hold the personnel hearing in consultation with the National Assembly members representing each negotiating party:

1. An approval bill for appointment of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the President of the Constitutional Court, the Prime Minister, the Chairperson of the Board of Audit and Inspection, and the justices of the Supreme Court, whose appointment requires an approval of the National Assembly under the Constitution;
2. An approval bill for appointment of the justices of the Constitutional Court and the commissioners of the National Election Commission to be elected by the National Assembly under the Constitution.

(2) Matters necessary for the composition and operation of the Special Committee on Personnel Hearing shall be separately prescribed by other Act.

Article 121 (Request for Attendance of Members of State Council, etc.)

(1) The plenary session may request, by its resolution, the attendance of the Prime Minister, member of the State Council or Government delegate. In such cases, the proposal shall be made in writing by at least 20 National Assembly members with its reason specified.

(2) The committee may demand by resolution that the Prime Minister, a member of the State Council, or a government delegate attend the committee. In such cases, the

Chairperson of the committee shall report the fact to the Speaker.

(3) Where there is a request under paragraph (1) or (2), the Prime Minister, a member of the State Council, or a Government delegate shall attend and answer.

(4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), the Prime Minister may have a member of the State Council attend and answer on his/her behalf, and a member of the State Council may have a Government delegate attend and answer on his/her behalf, with the approval of the Speaker or the Chairperson of the committee concerned. In such cases, the Speaker shall consult with the National Assembly member representing each negotiating party, and the chairperson of the committee shall consult with the executive secretary.

(5) In order to make an interpellation on a special case, the plenary session or the committee may request the attendance of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the President of the Constitutional Court, the Chairperson of the National Election Commission, the Chairperson of the Board of Audit and Inspection or his/her substitute. In such cases, the Chairperson of the committee shall report the fact to the Speaker.

Article 127-2 (Request for Audit to Board of Audit and Inspection)

(1) The National Assembly may, by resolution, request the Board of Audit and Inspection to conduct the audit by specifying the case from among the matters belonging to the scope of duties of the Board of Audit and Inspection under the Board of Audit and Inspection Act. In such cases, the Board of Audit and Inspection shall file a report on the results of its audit with the National Assembly within three months from the date of receiving the request for an audit.

(2) When the Board of Audit and Inspection fails to complete its audit within the period stipulated in paragraph (1) due to special reasons, it shall file an interim report, and request for an extension of its audit period. In such cases, the Speaker may extend the audit period within the limit of two months.

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